Analysis of Crimes of Juveniles Delinquency Using Statistical Techniques

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Abstract:- Juvenile delinquency also known juvenile offending, is the act of participating in unlawful behavior as a minor or individual younger than the statutory age of majority. This paper is based on a research project in which the Juvenile delinquency is analyzed by researchers. A researcher has been collecting the data from internet (Website: ncrb.gov.in).

This research aims to explore the educational background of the criminal along with the family background and their economic status which affects the juveniles or which results in the crime among juveniles. The present study leads to the conclusion that the low income of the family, family background (nuclear or joint or homeless), lack of parental supervision on their children is the main cause which is leading to the rise in this trend of delinquency.

Keywords:- Juvenile Delinquency, Family Background, Educational Background, Apprehended.

I. INTRODUCTION

A nation's children are its supremely important asset and nation's future lies in their proper development. As the present-day world, it is the centre of all thinking to secure the next generation. Juvenile crime has been increased. A healthy and educated child of today is the active and intelligent citizen of tomorrow. Hence it is need to study of children and there is also need to protect them but very little studied about Juveniles.

A juveniles or child means a person who has completed eighteen year of ago but in today's time the Juveniles are committing various heinous crimes such as rape, robbery, theft, dacoits. For that matter they should be considered as adults and not minors. The concept of Juveniles justice was derived from the concept of Juveniles delinquency. The young children's fails to understand the abnormal situation of life so in this presentation we are going to focus into those thoughts. Therefore, study with regard to the living condition of the Juveniles in the particular area, their economic, social and educational status, their family background, their relationship between parents was studied.

So we interested to study the relationship between age and type of crimes, year and number of crimes, family background and crimes by using Statistical Methods.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

- Becker (1968) had reported that juvenile's delinquency could be a rational response to the incentives for legal and criminal activities. According to him the estimation shows that the youth will engage in criminal behavior if the potential gains are large enough and likelihood of substantial punishment is relatively low.
- Wright and Wright (1994) according to him the family is the backbone of the human society, the children who are generally avoided by their parents or they are rejected by them are more prone to delinquency because of the lack of proper supervision. Due to lack of supervision they are generally influenced by the peer group and nearby surroundings. It is said that the single parent families especially where mother is only family are producing more delinquents but Wright and Wright (1994) research have showed that the mostly delinquents belongs to those who are living with both the parents
- Weather burn and Lind (1997) they observed the reason for the delinquency in rural and urban areas. According to them socio-economic reasons are the basic cause which leads to the increasing offence in the rate among juveniles.
- Levitt and Lochner (2000) had studied the juvenile's criminal involvement. Biological factors i.e. being male having low intelligence and short time horizon are of the determinants of crime. Family background factors .i.e. erratic parental discipline, lack of adequate supervision and maternal rejection are linked with criminal involvement whereas social factors include income inequality and rejection influences the delinquent behavior among youth.
- Camenor and Phillips (2002) observed that fathers play a critical role in the rearing of boys at a tender age and having a step-father also increases the delinquency among the children rather than having a step-mother.

III. METHODOLOGY AND DATA COLLECTION

Our Geographical area under consideration is all the metropolitan cities in India. For this project we have collected secondary data from internet (Website: ncrb.gov.in). We collected data of 2 years (Year 2016 and year 2017). The collected information was later analyzed to obtain the required interpretation and findings. We have taken 19 metropolitan cities which represent rate of apprehended Juveniles in Metropolitan cities In India.