#### Topic:Single Entry System

Q.1. From the information given below you are asked to calculate credit purchase and total purchase.

Cash purchase 29000

Bills payable on 1-4-11 7500

Creditors on 1-4-11 20000

Bills payable on 31-3-12 2500

Creditors on 31-3-12 18000

Cash paid to Creditors 25000

Bills payable paid during the year 10500

Purchase Return 1500

Allowance Received from Creditors 800

Bills payable dishonor 300

Q.2. From the following particulars taken now form the books of Shri Subhas who has kept those under single entry system. Prepare total Debtors and Bills Receivable Account.

Balance of Debtors on 1-4-16 127000

Balance of Debtors on 31-3-17 150000

Balance of Bills Receivable on 1-4-16 60000

Balance of Bills Receivable on 31-3-17 90000

Credit sales ?

Cash Received form Debtors 410000

Bills Receivable Received form Debtors ?

Bills Receivable dishonor 3000

Cash Received against bill 167000

Goods Return form Debtors 20000

Discount allowed 13000

Bad debts 7000

Q.3. Mr. Santosh keeps his books of A/c on Single entry. He gives you the following information relation to 2016-17

#### Balance sheet

As on 31-3-17

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Capital	33000	Machinery	10500
Creditors	3000	Bills Receivable	3000
Bills payable	1500	S. Debtors	9000
		Stock	7500
		Cash & bank balance	7500
	37500		37500

### Summary of cash transactions

Receipt	Amount	Payment	Amount
To bal. b/d	7500	By paid to Creditors	15000
To capital [1-10-16]	4500	By machinery [1-1-17]	900
To Receipt form Drs.	18000	By Bills payable	1500
To cash sales	3000	By Drawings	1500
To Bills Receivable	3750	By Freight	750
To S. Receipts	600	By wages & salary	4500
		By Rent & Rates	300
		By S. exp.	1050
		By bal. c/d	11850
	37350		37350

Other information as on 31st march 2017

- 1] Sundry Debtors 12000, Creditors 6000, Stock 7500, Bills Receivable 4500, Bills payable 3000.
- 2] Credit purchase 21000 and Credit sales 26250
- 3] allow interest on capital @ 5% p.a. and Depreciate machinery by 10% p.a.

Prepare Trading, Profit & loss A/c for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> march 2017 Balance sheet as on 31<sup>st</sup> march 2017.

Q. 4. Mr. Homi Carries on a grocery business and does not keep his books on double entry basis. The following particulars have been extracted form his book.

Particulars	1-4-16	31-3-17
Plant & machinery	25000	25000
Stock	22000	19500
Sundry Debtors	8000	25500
Sundry Creditors	12500	10000
Cash in hand	400	800
Bank balance	6250	-7000

The following cash transactions took place during the year ending 31st march 2017.

Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount
Received on amount	31250	Payment for purchase	28850
of cash sales			
Received form s.	160000	Payment to S.	132000
Debtors		Creditors	
		General exp.	21450
		Wages	15000
		Drawings	6800

During the year Homi had taken goods form the business for his own consumtion which amounted to 1950 and not paid money in to the business for them.

You are required to prepare profit and loss account for the year ending 31-3-17 after chaging 10% depreciation on plant and machinery and also balance sheet at 31<sup>st</sup> march 2017.

#### **Branch Account**

Q.1. Form the following information relating to Nagpur Branch for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> march 2021 figure Branch A/c in the books of head office.

# Opening balance on 1-4-20

Branch stock	15000
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Debtors 30000

Petty cash 300

Goods sent to Branch 252000

Cash sales 60000

Received form Debtors 210000

Credit sales 228000

## Cheques sent to Branch for

Salaries 9000

Rent & Rates 1500

Petty cash <u>1100</u> 11600

Goods Return by Branch 2000

## **Closing balances**

Branch Stock 25000

Branch Debtors 48000

Petty cash 200

### Q.2. From the following particulars prepare Branch A/c and Goods sent to Branch A/c.

### Opening balance

Stock on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2016 21000

Petty cash on 1-4-16 300

Goods supplied to Branch at invoice price 240000

Remittence form Branch 240000

## Cheques sent to Branch for

Salary 7200

Rent <u>3000</u> 10200

Cheque sent for petty cash 600

Goods return to head office 6000

Stock 31-3-17 45000

Petty cash on 31-3-17 525

A head office send goods to its Branch at Pune market at 25% above cost.

Q.3. India Traders Mumbai open a Branch at Bopal on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2016. The following information is available in respect of Branch for the year ending 31-3-17.

Goods sent to Branch 75000

Cash sales at the Branch 50000

Credit sales at the Branch 60000

Salary of the Branch paid by head office 15000

Cash sent to Branch for petty exp. 5000

Office exp. Of Branch paid by head office 12000

Balance on 31st march 2017

Petty cash 500

Debtors 5000

Stock 27000

Prepare Branch account and Branch Trading & profit & loss A/c for the year ending 31st march 2017.

Q.4. A head office supplied goods to its Branch at cost+ 25% .All cash received at Branch is deposited daily in head office A/c. From the following particulars Branch Trading & profit & loss A/c.

Stock on 1-4-16 79000

Debtors on 1-4-16 113000

Petty cash on 1-4-16 900

Return inward 4000

Goods invoiced to Branch 250000

Return goods to head office 10000

Bad debts 1000

Cash sales 14000

Branch exp. Paid by head office

Rent 14000

Salary 15000

Sundry exp . <u>7000</u> 36000

Allowances given 4500

Petty cash exp. At Branch 2400

Total sales 349000

Remittence to Branch to

Petty cash 2800

Stock on 31-3-17 84000

Debtors on 31-3-17 195100

- Q.5. A head office in Mumbai has a Branch in Miraj to which goods are invoice by head office at cost + 25%. All cash received by the Branch is remmited to head office. All exp. are paid form Mumbai. Form the following particulars prepare
- 1] Miraj Branch A/c.
- 2] Trading & profit & loss A/c.
- 3] Journal entry in the books of head office [under Debtors system]

Particulars amount

Stock on 1-4-2016 12500

Debtors on 1-4-2016 12000

Goods invoiced form Mumbai 40000

### Remittence to head office

Cash sales 16000

Collection form Debtors 29080

Credit sales 40000

Discount allowed to Debtors 420

### Cheques Received from head office Mumbai

Wages & salary 11000

Rent & Rates 3000

Sundry exp. 500

Goods Return to head office Mumbai 2400

Stock on 31-3-17 15000

Debtors on 31-3-17 22500

#### Conversion of Partnership

Q.1. X and Y were in partnership sharing P & L in proportion 3:2 respectively.

### Balancesheet As on 31-12-2015

Liabilities	Amt	Assets	Amt
Creditors	7000	Cash	1000
Bills payable	3000	Investment	3000
X's Ioan	4000	Debtors	6000
Reserve fund	5000	Stock	20000
Capital A/c		Furniture	3000
X	20000	Machinery	21000
Υ	15000		
	54000		54000

On 1st April 2015 Alfa LTD. incorporated to take over certain assets and liability of a firm

- 1. The company takeover all assets, except cash and investment and all liabilities except 'X' loan.
- 2. The purchase price was agreed at 60000 payable 1/5 in cash. and 4/5 in shares. Of 100 each.
- 3. The firm sold investment for 4000, and paid of X loan.
- 4. The expenses of dissolution incurred by the firm amounted to 1000.

Show necessary ledger account to close the books of firm.

Q.2Mithun and Abhijit were in partnership sharing P &I in capital proportion .

#### Balancesheet

#### As on 31st march 2017

Liabilities	Amt	Assets	Amt
Capital A/c		Cash in hand	15000
Mithun	500000	Machinery	480000
Abhijit	300000	Furniture	200000
Creditors	40000	Stok	85000
General reserve	160000	Debtors	220000
	1000000		1000000

The converted there business into LID. Company biz.Komal LID. To take over whole assets except cash and furniture @ 10 % less than book values and liabilities @ book figures. Goodwill was valued at 100000. The furniture was sold for 165000 and realization exp. Were incurred at 15000

The purchase price is to be discharge by issue in 6000 equity share of 100 each and balance in cash.

Prepare Realisation A/c, and Partners capital A/c.

Q.3 Ram co. LTD. Was to purchase the business of shri. Laxman& Bharat to who were partners sharing P & L as 2:1 respectively

#### Balancesheet

### As on 31st march 2017

Liabilities	Amt	Assets	Amt
Capital A/c	7.1112	Goodwill	10000
•	65000	Land & building	45000
Laxman			
Bharat	45000	Machinery	25000
Loan A/c	6000	Stock	20000
Bills payable	7500	Debtors	8500
Creditors	16000	Bills receivable	6500
		Investment	2500

	Cash at bank	2500
139500		139500

The Co. took over all assets at book value accept land & building & stock which were taken over @ 50000 and 15000 respectively . The investment sold by firm for 6000. The firm also discharge the loan A/c . The company took over remaining liability. The value of goodwill the fix at 25000. The purchase consideration paid by the company. The firm by 10000 equity share of 100 each and balance in cash. Realisation exp. Amounted 1000.

Show calculation of purchase consideration and prepare Realisation A/c.

Q.4 Amar &Bhalchandrawere sharing P & L equily They decided to convert there business into a LTD. Company name AB LTD. On 31<sup>st</sup> march 2017. When therebalancesheet was as under.

#### Balacesheet

### As on 31st march 2017

Liabilities	Amt	Assets	Amt
Capital A/c		Building	400000
Amar	510000	Plant	300000
Bhalchandra	390000	Furniture	50000
Bills payable	50000	Debtors	280000
Sundry creditors	250000	Stock	100000
		Bank	70000
	1200000		1200000

AB Ltd. Agreed to take over assets & liabilities at valued stated below-

**Building -420000** 

Furniture-43400

Plant -250000

Stock -80000

Debtors are subject to provision for doubtful debts at 3 % , creditors at discount of 2 %

The company issued to the firm 6300 equity shares of 100 each. And balance in cash.

Prepare necessary ledger A/c to closed the books of firm and opening journal entries in the books of company.

## Tally

### Q.3. Write a Short Notes.

- 1] Objectives of Branch account
- 2] Conversion of partnership firm
- 3] Features of Tally
- 4] Types of Vouchers
- 5] Types of Branches
- 6] Purchase Consideration
- 7] Advantages of Computerised Accounting
- 8] Creation of Company