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Seat
No.

Total No. of Pages : 3

B.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - II) (CBCS) Examination, October - 2019

PHYSICS

Electricity and Magnetism - I (Paper - III) (DSC - 1B)

Sub. Code : 72843

Day and Date : Saturday, 19- 10 - 2019

Total Marks : 50

Time : 12.00 noon to 2.00 p.m.

- Instructions :
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
 - 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - 3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
 - 4) Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

Q1) Select the correct alternative from the following : [10]

- a) The gradient of scalar function is _____.
 - i) the maximum rate of change of a function in the space
 - ii) the constant
 - iii) always a scalar function
 - iv) none of these
- b) The divergence of the vector field represents the total flux flowing out _____.
 - i) per unit volume
 - ii) per unit area
 - iii) per unit length
 - iv) per unit mass
- c) If the vector product of two nonzero vectors is zero, the vectors must be _____.
 - i) either parallel or antiparallel
 - ii) perpendicular
 - iii) inclined at an angle 45 degrees with each other
 - iv) always antiparallel

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- d) Charge on capacitor plates is directly proportional to _____
- i) current
 - ii) electric field intensity
 - iii) potential difference
 - iv) resistance
- e) Unit for electric field intensity is _____
- i) N
 - ii) NC^{-1}
 - iii) Ns
 - iv) NC
- f) Ability of capacitor to store charge depends on _____
- i) area of plates
 - ii) distance between the plates
 - iii) type of dielectric used
 - iv) all of above
- g) The Stoke's theorem is used to convert _____
- i) line integral into surface integral
 - ii) volume integral into surface integral
 - iii) line integral into volume integral
 - iv) surface integral into volume integral
- h) The divergence of a vector field is _____
- i) a scalar
 - ii) a vector
 - iii) a constant
 - iv) zero
- i) Electric flux ϕ due to electric field E, passing through surface area S is given by _____
- i) $\phi = E \cdot S$
 - ii) $\phi = E \times S$
 - iii) $\phi = E - S$
 - iv) $\phi = \frac{E}{S}$
- j) A potential due to a point charge at a distance r from it, is proportional to _____
- i) r
 - ii) $\frac{1}{r}$
 - iii) r^2
 - iv) $\frac{1}{2r}$

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Q2) Attempt any two of the following : [20]

- a) Define capacitance and obtain an expression for capacitance of a cylindrical condenser.
- b) Obtain Gauss's theorem in dielectric medium.
- c) Obtain an expression for divergence of a vector field and explain its physical significance.

Q3) Attempt any four of the following : [20]

- a) Calculate the work done when a force $\vec{F} = 3\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$ produces a displacement $\vec{r} = 4\vec{i} + \vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$.
- b) Define cross product of two vectors and state its any three characteristics.
- c) Explain the physical significance of the gradient of a scalar field.
- d) Write a note on del operator.
- e) Obtain an expression for the electric potential due to a point charge at a distance r from it.
- f) Explain Electric field and Electric flux.

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