

Seat No.	
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**B.Sc. (Part -III) (Semester - VI) Examination, December - 2016**  
**STATISTICS**  
**Probability Theory (Paper - XIII)**  
**Sub. Code: 65864**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 14- 12 - 2016  
 Time : 12.00 noon to 2.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 40

- Instructions : 1) All questions are compulsory.  
 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Select the correct alternative: [8]

a) If  $X_1, X_2, X_3$  is a random sample (r. s.) from exponential distribution with  $\theta = 3$  then prob. distribution of smallest order statistic is exponential with  $\theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

- i) 5 ii) 9  
 iii) 8 iv) None of these

b) Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3$  be a r. s. from  $U(0, 1)$  then the distribution of sample range is

- i)  $\beta_2(2,2)$  ii)  $\beta_2(1,n)$   
 iii)  $\beta_1(2,2)$  iv)  $\beta_1(1,n)$

c) If  $P(X_n = 0) = 1 - \frac{1}{n}, P(X_n = 1) = \frac{1}{n}, n = 1, 2$  \_\_\_\_\_ then

- i)  $X_n \xrightarrow{2} 1$  ii)  $X_n \xrightarrow{2} 2$   
 iii)  $X_n \xrightarrow{2} 0$  iv) None of these

**P.T.O.**

d) A sequence of random variables  $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$  is said to converge in distribution function to  $X$  if

i)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} F_n(X) = 1$                       ii)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} F(X) = 0$

iii)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} F_n(X) = 0$                       iv) None of these

e) In a discrete Markov chain a state  $j$  is said to be accessible from state  $i$  if

i)  $P_{ij}^{(n)} > 0$                                       ii)  $f_{ij}^{(n)} > 0$

iii)  $P_{jj}^{(n)} > 0$                                       iv) None of these

f) A state of Markov chain is said to be Ergodic if it is

i) null persistent and aperiodic

ii) non-null persistent and aperiodic

iii) null persistent and periodic

iv) non-null persistent and periodic

g) Traffic intensity in queuing model with arrival rate  $\lambda$  and service rate  $\mu$  is

i)  $\frac{\lambda}{\mu}$     ii)  $\frac{\lambda}{\lambda + \mu}$

iii)  $\frac{\mu}{\lambda}$     iv) None of these

h) The probability distribution of service time in queuing system is

i) Exponential

ii) Normal

iii) Poisson

iv) Geometric

Q2) Attempt any two of the following:

- a) Define order statistics for a r. s. of size  $n$  drawn from a continuous distribution. Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be a r.s. drawn from  $U(0,1)$  then obtain the distribution of
- minimum order statistic
  - maximum order statistic
- b) Let  $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$  be a Markov chain with states 0, 1, 2 and transition probability matrix (t.p.m)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

and initial prob. dist<sup>n</sup>. is  $P[X_0 = i] = \frac{1}{3}, i = 0, 1, 2$  then find

- $P[X_2 = 2, X_1 = 1 / X_0 = 2]$
  - $P[X_3 = 1, X_2 = 2, X_1 = 1, X_0 = 2]$
  - $P[X_1 = 1]$
- c) State and prove weak law of large numbers for i.i.d. random variables with finite variance.

Q3) Attempt any four of the following:

- a) Obtain distribution function of  $i^{\text{th}}$  order statistic.

[16]

- b) Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be a r.s. drawn from  $f(x) = e^{-(x-\theta)}$ ,  $x \geq \theta, \theta > 0$  show that  $X_{(1)} \xrightarrow{P} \theta$ .
- c) Define the terms
- Recurrent state
  - Transient state
- d) What is queue? Explain essential features of queuing system.
- e) Explain queuing model M/M/1 using FCFS queue discipline.
- f) Let  $\bar{X}_n$  be the mean of a r.s. of size 100 drawn from  $\chi_{50d.f}^2$ . Compute an approximate value of  $P(49 < \bar{X}_n < 51)$  [Given  $\Phi(1) = 0.84134$ ].

EEE