

**Rayat Shikshan Sanstha's**  
**Rajarshi Chhtrapati Shahu College, Kolhapur.**  
**Department of English**  
**Question Bank (B.Sc. I)/BCS -I Semester I (2022-23)**

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**Topic 1 : Communication Skills**

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1. \_\_\_\_\_ is any behavior that results in an exchange of meaning.  
a. Communication    b. Barriers                      c. Semantics                      d. Transport
2. Oral Communication covers the \_\_\_\_\_  
a. Written words    b. specific words                      c. spoken words                      d. few words
3. Communication is a \_\_\_\_\_ process.  
a. necessary                      b. dynamic                      c. proper                      d. relative
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ begins the process of communication.  
a. receiver                      b. producer                      c. sender                      d. writer
5. \_\_\_\_\_ is both interaction and transaction  
a. Pragmatics    b. Semantics    c. language    d. Communication
6. \_\_\_\_\_ is a process of passing information and understanding from one person to another.  
a. networking                      b. processing                      c. communication                      d. informing
7. Most of our communication is with \_\_\_\_\_  
a. words                      b. pictures                      c. signals                      d. system
8. \_\_\_\_\_ is a process and is always changing.  
a. fighting                      b. running                      c. quarrelling                      d. communication
9. The information about the receiver's response is called \_\_\_\_\_  
a. message                      b. perception                      c. feedback                      d. barriers
10. \_\_\_\_\_ context refers to the similarity of backgrounds between the sender and the receiver  
a. linguistics                      b. similar                      c. cultural                      d. referential
11. \_\_\_\_\_ Communication refers to the type of communication that does not use words.

- a. verbal      b. non-verbal      c. written      d. oral
12. The process of putting the idea into symbols is called \_\_\_\_\_  
a. encoding    b. decoding      c. interpreting    d. receiving
13. \_\_\_\_\_ is essentially a two way process.  
a. export    b. import      c. writing      d. communication
- 14 . The message may be misinterpreted because of \_\_\_\_\_  
a. communication    b. symbols      c. barriers      d. charts
15. \_\_\_\_\_ communication refers to the spoken word.  
a. written      b. formal      c. informal      d. oral
16. \_\_\_\_\_ means expressing much in a few words  
a. letters      b. largeness    c. conciseness    d. barriers
17. Semantic barriers are created by \_\_\_\_\_  
a. Speaking abilities    b. listening    c. writing    d. divergence in individual understanding of meaning of words.
18. \_\_\_\_\_ communication refers to the communication which occurs with the help of words  
a. non- verbal    b. phonological      c. urban      d. verbal
19. \_\_\_\_\_ complement the spoken word.  
a. Communication    b. message    c. barriers      d. gestures and postures
- 20 \_\_\_\_\_ is a common system of symbols which we use for sharing the experiences      with others  
a. body language      b. charts      c. semantic barriers    d. communication
21. \_\_\_\_\_ is the vehicle of thought for oral and written communication  
a. Morphology    b. pragmatics    c. stylistics    d. language
22. Oral communication is best when it is \_\_\_\_\_  
a. Non- verbal    b. written    c. indirect    d. face to face
23. Communication is a \_\_\_\_\_ process.

- a. Vocal    b. linguistic    c. goal -oriented    d. supporting

24. \_\_\_\_\_ is the final step in any process of communication.

- a. Message    b. non verbal    c. understanding    d. feedback

25.. Effective written communication requires command over the\_\_\_\_\_

- a. Written communication    b. oral communication    c. abilities    d. language

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## Topic :2

### Technology with a Human Face- E.F.Schumacher

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**Q.1) Rewrite the following sentences by choosing the most correct alternative given below:**

1.-----always knows where and when to stop.

- a)Man    b)Nature    c)Technology    d)Science

2.The way of life based on -----can not last long.

- a)socialism    b)democracy    c)materialism    d)science and technology

3.The primary task of technology is to -----the burden of man's work in order to develop his potential.

- a)increase    b)lighten    c)stop    d)double

4.-----is very near to the bottom of the league table of industrial progress.

- a) Burma    b)India    c)South Africa    d)Pakistan

5.To enjoy the human life,man has to be lucky enough to find a good-----

- a)follower    b)teacher    c)president    d)book

6.-----of 'total social time' is spent in sleeping,eating,watchingtelevision,doing non-productive job or just killing time.

- a)3&half percent    b)50%    c)96 & half percent    d)80%

7.It is said that from the factory dead matter goes out improved,where as men there are -----

- a)also improved    b)corrupted and degraded    c)becoming happy    d)very fine and cultured

8.The production of too many useful things results in too many-----

- a)useful people    b)useless people    c)problems    d)politicians

9.Modern Technology is showing an increasingly -----

- a)human face    b)inhuman face    c)progressive thoughts    d)human values

10. Today's modern industrial society is in very -----and holds no promise of survival.

a) deep trouble   b) happy state   c) luxurious   d) best and ideal condition

**Q.2. Answer the following questions in one word or phrase or sentence each:**

1. How does the modern world tumble from crisis to crisis?

2. Which kind of technology will help to solve our problems?

3. What is the primary task of technology?

4. What, according to Schumacher, is the first law of economics?

5. Which country is at the bottom of the league table of industrial progress?

6. What, according to Schumacher, is the cause of modern neurosis?

7. What kind of work has been taken away from man by modern technology?

8. What, according to Schumacher, is the therapeutic value of real work?

9. How can the poor be helped, according to Gandhi?

10. How does the writer describe the technology of mass production?

**Q.3) Answer the following questions in 3-4 sentences each:**

1. How does technology differ from nature?

2. Which are the three crises in the world produced by modern technology?

3. Why does Schumacher say that modern technology is showing an increasingly inhuman face?

4. Explain the concept of intermediate technology.

5. Explain the opinions of Gandhi about 'Production by the Masses'

**Q.4) Write short notes in 8-10 sentences each:**

1. Schumacher's views on the development of industrial and the problems of the world

2. Schumacher's concept of 'total social time'

3. The difference between mass production and production by masses

4. Significance of the title 'Technology with A Human Face'
5. Theme of the text 'Technology with A Human Face'

**Q.5) Writing Activity :**

1. Write an essay on the benefits of technology in the modern world.
  2. Write a note on the productive labour and economic development.
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**Topic – 3**

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**How Beautiful - P.K.Padhy**

**Q.1. Rewrite the following sentences by choosing the most correct alternative given below:**

1. If birds could talk, -----could walk with us.  
a) animals   b) trees   c) flowers   d) rocks
2. If birds could talk, -----could speak its desire and meaning of songs to the rocks.  
a) trees   b) spring   c) flowers   d) waves
3. -----could return and open its petals fresh.  
a) Flowers   b) Trees   c) Past   d) Spring
4. -----could wake up after the sunrise and chat with us.  
a) Grave yard   b) Forests   c) Animals   d) Birds

**Q.2) Answer the following questions in one word or phrase or sentence each :**

1. If birds could talk, who could walk with us?
2. What could the flowers do?
3. Whom could the spring speak to?
4. Why could the waves stop for a while?
5. What could silence spell out?

6. What could the past do?
7. Who could chat with us after the sunrise?
8. Which figure of speech is used prominently in the poem?

**Q.3) Answer the following questions in 3-4 sentences each:**

1. Which natural elements could act in strange ways if birds could start talking? What could they do?
2. Which impossible things could happen, according to the poet?
3. Explain the poet's idea of a perfect world.
4. Describe the stylistic features of the poem.
5. Describe the theme of the poem.

**Q.4) Write short notes on the following in 8-10 sentences each:**

1. Significance of the title 'How Beautiful'
  2. The Central Idea of the poem 'How Beautiful'
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**Topic: 4**

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**As A Flower I Come-Sundaram**

**Q.1. Rewrite the following choosing the most correct alternative from the ones given below each:**

- 1) The speaker in the poem is -----.  
a) a child    b) a boy    c) god    d) a man
- 2) A child may scatter the petals to the -----  
a) water    b) land    c) sky    d) winds
- 3) The mind of the youth may wander -----God.  
a) near    b) away from    c) towards    d) with
- 4) God will be a -----on the neck of the man.  
a) toy    b) guest    c) garland    d) button
- 5) God will be always -----the man.

a)with    b)neglecting    c) away from    d)ignoring

**Q.2) Answer the following questions in one word for phrase or sentence each:**

1. Who will drink from the depths of a youth's heart?

2. How long the garland will be?

3. What will the mind of the youth do?

4. What may the child do with the petals?

5. What kind of decisions does a man make?

**Q.3) Answer the following questions in 3 to 4 sentences each:**

1. How will the God behave with the child?

2. How does a youth behave?

3. What does

the God promise to the man?

4. What will the God do for the enlightened person?

**Q.4) Write short notes on the following in 8 to 10 sentences each:**

1. God's love for the human beings

2. The forgiving nature of God

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### **Topic: 5**

#### **I Have a Dream - Martin Luther King, Jr.**

**Q.1) Rewrite the following sentences by choosing the most correct alternative given below:**

1. We refuse to believe that bank of justice is -----.

a. corrupt    b. bankrupt    c. unfair    d. just

2. It would be -----for the nation to underestimate the determination of the Negro.

a. fatal    b. destructive    c. harmful    d. dangerous

3. We must conduct our struggle on the high plane of dignity and -----.

a. unity    b. duty    c. discipline    d. devotion

4. We cannot walk -----

a. fast    b. alone    c. together    d. slowly

5. Let us not wallow in the valley of -----

a. despair    b. frustration    c. hope    d. desire

6. One day the children will be judged by-----

a. their character   b. their degrees   c. their innocence   d. status of their parents

7. Anthony Thendl said ,“The right man delivered the right words to the right people in the right place at the      right place” about \_\_\_\_\_

a. Rabindranath Tagore   b. Martin Luther King Jr.   c. Schumacher   d. .P.K.Padhy

8. Martin Luther king Jr. received nobel prize in \_\_\_\_\_

a. 1964                                  b. 1963                                  c. 1965                                  d. 1966

9. I have a dream is a public speech delivered by \_\_\_\_\_

a. E.F. Schumacher                  b. Abraham Lincoln                  c. Martin Luther  
d. Martin Luther King Jr.

10. In the speech ‘I have a dream‘ Martin Luther king Jr. discusses \_\_\_\_\_

a. Emancipation Proclamation      b. inspirational story      c. politics  
d. gap between american dream and reality

11. Martin Luther king Jr. refer \_\_\_\_\_ as ‘Great American’ in his speech ‘I have a Dream

a. George Washington                  b. Lenin                                  c. Abraham Lincoln      d.  
Nelson Mandella

12 . A check which has come back marked \_\_\_\_\_

a. bad    b. Insufficient funds                  c. Justice  
d. no cost

13.In a sense we have come to our nations capital to cash a \_\_\_\_\_

a. check    b.      note                                  c. currency  
d. rupee

14.One Hundred yours later, the Negro lives on a lonely island of \_\_\_\_\_.

a. Sand    b. water                                  c. Poverty  
d. property

15. \_\_\_\_\_ peace prize was awarded to Martin Luther king

a. Nobel    b. Pulitzer                                  c. Commonwealth                  d. Filmfare



16. The march on Washington is for \_\_\_\_\_  
a. Jobs                      b. clothes                      c. food                      d. Jobs and freedom

17. According to Martin Luther King, Jr., now is the time to make real the promises of \_\_\_\_\_

a. Joy                      b. poverty                      c. Freedom                      d. dreams

18. The focus of Martin Luther King's speech is \_\_\_\_\_

a. Emancipation Proclamation      b. inspirational story      c. politics  
d. gap between american dream and reality

19. Negroes will not be satisfied until \_\_\_\_\_ rolls down

a. Justice                      b. Joy                      c. Water                      d. happiness

20. Let us not seek to satisfy our thirst for freedom by drinking from the cup of bitterness and \_\_\_\_\_.

a. love                      b. Freedom                      c. Kindness                      d. hatred

**Q.2) Answer the following questions in one word or one phrase or one sentence each:**

1. What came as a joyous daybreak?
2. What is the life of the Negro crippled by?
3. In the vast ocean of prosperity where do the Negroes live?
4. What did the note promise?
5. What will a check given to the Negroes?
6. What do the Negroes refuse to believe?
7. What would be fatal for the nation?
8. When will there be rest and tranquility in America?
9. How long will the revolt continue?
10. How should we not satisfy our thirst of freedom?
11. On what plane must we conduct our struggle?
12. With what faith should the people continue to work?
13. What is the basis of discrimination in America?
14. What should people be judged by?
15. What is the main idea of the talk?

**Q.3) Answer the following questions in about 3 to 4 sentences each:**

1. How is the life of the Negro even after a hundred years?
2. What must the Negro do and what not to enter into the place of justice?
3. What is the time now for the Negroes to do?
4. Where should freedom ring from? What for?
5. When will Negroes be satisfied?
6. What is the dream of the speaker?

7. In what condition the Negroes have been living?
8. When will the dream come true?
9. What is the meaning of 'My country, 'tis of thee, sweet land of liberty, of thee I sing'?

**Q.4) Write short notes in about eight to ten sentences each:**

- 1) The Dream of Martin Luther King Jr.
- 2) Martin Luther King's warning to the Negroes
- 3) Use of stylistic features in the speech

**Topic : 6**

**The Auspicious Vision - Rabindranath Tagore**

**Q.1) Rewrite the following sentences by choosing the correct alternatives:**

1. Kanti had gone out shooting near the swamp of Nydighi in the month of -----  
a) Agrahayan    b) Diwali    c) May    d) Summer
2. The girl's beauty had a rare freshness as if she had just come from -----workshop.  
a) Vishwakarma's    b) Khan Saheb's    c) Vishwa's    d) Kanti's
3. Kanti saw a maiden coming to the water's edge, with two ----- clasped to her breast.  
a) white rabbits    b) green parrots    c) colourful peacocks    d) white ducklings
4. The girl sitting under bush jumped up and ran into the house when came a call-----  
a) 'Hello!'    b) 'Kanti!'    c) 'Sudha!'    d) 'Tulsidas!'
5. Kanti said that he will see Sudha only at the moment of-----  
a) shooting    b) Agrahayan    c) Day breaking    d) Auspicious vision
6. Kanti received a second shock when he learned that the girl was -----  
a) deaf    b) deaf and dumb    c) dumb    d) shooter
7. Sudha was the daughter of -----  
a) Kantichandra    b) Hira Singh    c) Nabin Banerji    d) Khan Saheb
8. When Kanti learned that the girl was deaf and dumb he felt intense relief, as of escape from ----  
a) calamity    b) shooting    c) wrestling    d) music

**Q.2) Answer the following questions in one word or phrase or sentence each:**

1. Who were the followers of Kanti in hunting?
2. Where did Kanti go for shooting in the month of Agrahayan?
3. What did Kanti see when he was cleaning his favourite gun in his boat?
4. Who was Sudha?
5. What was the only care for Nabin Banerji?
6. When did the wedding ceremony of Kanti and Sudha take place?
7. What did Kanti discover when he took off his wife's bridal veil?
8. What did Kanti learn about the girl at the end?
9. Why did Kanti has a sigh of intense relief at the end?
10. In which mansion did Kantichandra's wedding ceremony arranged?
11. Under which bush the girl was sitting with the birds?

12. What was the name of musician in the 'Auspicious Vision'?

**Q.3) Answer the following questions in 3 to 4 sentences each:**

1. How did Kanti's shooting with his companions near the swamp of Nydighi disturb villagers?
2. What happened at the moment of Auspicious Vision?
3. What was the second shock for Kanti in the wedding?
4. What did Kanti feel when he saw that bride is not the girl he saw?
5. Why did Kanti feel a sigh of intense relief at the end?

**Q.4) Write short notes on the following in about 8 to 10 sentences each:**

1. Kantichandra
2. The Young Village Maiden
3. A Moment of Auspicious Vision
4. Aptness of the title 'Auspicious Vision'
5. End of the short story 'The Auspicious Vision'

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**Assignment No. - 7**

**The Book - Iftikhar Hussain Rizvi**

**Q.1) Rewrite the following sentences by choosing the correct alternatives:**

1. The pages of the book are -----with age.  
a) white b) black c) blue d) brown
2. According to the poet, some of the markings of the book have -----gems.  
a) wisdom's b) picture's c) map's d) character's
3. The poet doesn't know whether this book is nearing -----  
a) completion b) convention c) construction d) collaboration
4. The poet thinks that 'No word of it can ever be -----  
a) changed b) written c) repeated d) pronounced
5. The poet is afraid that the light may not burn the book to -----  
a) gems b) ashes c) pieces d) dashes

**Q.2) Answer the following questions in one word or phrase or sentence each:**

1. What have made the book an open mystery?
2. Which phrase does suggest that the book is used by various readers?
3. What does the poet want?
4. What does the poet want to brood over?
5. What does the phrase 'the light' in last couplet symbolize?

**Q.3) Answer the following questions in 3 to 4 sentences each:**

1. What type of markings do the brown pages of the book contain?
2. What are feelings of poet about the various markings in the book?
3. Why does the poet want to brood over?
4. Why does the poet think that the light may not burn the book into ashes?
5. Bringing out the imagery used in the poem.

**Q.4) Write short notes on the following in about 8 to 10 sentences each:**

1. The theme of the poem 'The Book'
  2. Poet's feelings about the book
  3. The end of the poem 'The Book'
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**Topic – 8**  
**Expansion of Ideas**

**Q.) Expand the following ideas:**

- 1) My Idea of a Beautiful World
  - 2) Experience is the best teacher
  - 3) My dream in my life
  - 4) Action speaks louder than words
  - 5) As you sow so shall you reap
  - 6) Laughter is the best medicine
  - 7) Artificial Intelligence
  - 8) Virtual Reality
  - 9) Biased Media
  - 10) Impact of Social Media on students
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**Topic: 9**  
**Developing Vocabulary**

**Q.1) Fill in the blanks with suitable words selected from the list given:**

(aspirations, critic, irrational, haughty, impulsive, gullible, hefty, venerable, protocol, integrity)

1. The workers demanded -----pay scales.
2. The old man is a -----man because he sacrificed everything for the sake of his neighbour.
3. The officer's -----was not in question, but it was his colleague who was dishonest.
4. The minister was angry because the new officer did not know the -----
5. Young people have high-----
6. Anyone who makes a decision that defies reason is -----
7. She has a rather -----manner.
8. A person who makes judgement about good and bad qualities of art, music, films etc. is called a -----
9. Don't be -----why must you believe everything you hear?

10. Don't be ----- .Think before you act.

**Q.2) Choose the correct meaning of underlined words in the following sentences:**

1. He is a **deserter** from the army and the police are looking for him.  
a) criminal b) one who has left without permission c) thief d) spy
2. After he suffered from heart attack, he decided **to abstain** from alcohol and smoking.  
a) promise b) enjoy c) do without d) accept
3. It is difficult to **compel** Swiss Banks to remit money belonging to their customers to other countries.  
a) force b) extract c) take away d) deliver
4. Scientists are always **engrossed** in their research.  
a) worried b) confused c) occupied d) troubled
5. The officer did not know the **protocol**, so he was baffled.  
a) agreement b) procedure c) subject d) address

**Q.3) Use appropriate prefixes in the blanks and complete the sentences:**

1. It is ----- (practical) to climb Everest during winter.
2. The ----- (corruption) wing of the CBI has uncovered many cases of corruption.
3. Sindhu and Sakshi won medals in sports at the ----- (national) level.
4. If your handwriting is ----- (legible,) we can not read the letter properly.
5. Because the machine had outlived its usefulness, the production manager proposed ----- (place) to it.
6. The finance department badly ----- (calculate) the costings for the new factory buildings.
7. There's something wrong with this bill. I think they've ----- (charge)
8. Our major supplier is a large ----- (national) company, which always delivers on time.
9. Manufacture of the components was to a ----- (contract) smaller company.

**Q.4) Use the correct form of the words given in brackets in the sentences by adding suffixes:**

1. Many people in the underdeveloped countries die of ----- (starve)
2. It was only an ----- meeting. (accident)
3. After his ----- from the window, his mother made an attempt to throw another shoe. (disappear)
4. Books are easily ----- in our library. (access)
5. How he has amassed all this property is ----- (mystery)
6. The potter shaped the earthen pot ----- (artistic)
7. My brother wishes to ----- in mathematics and work in a university department. (special)
8. ----- of elections is a breach of our Constitution. (postpone)
9. Commenting on the rising rape and murder incidents in the country is ----- (risk)
10. In all -----, the prices of commodities will increase in the wake of Government policies. (probable)

**Q.5)) Form new words by adding suffixes or prefixes to the following word and use them in your own sentences:**

just, gain, mind, nation, revolt, drama, usual, justice, realize, wither, legal, social, build, power, real, active, centre, custom, consider, care, sense, horrify, fool, care, humour, trouble, dirt, gold, love,

**Q.6) Separate the base words from prefixes and suffixes attached to the following words:**

Non-renewable, knowledgeable, foreseeable, expansionism, industrialization, productively, unquestionably, tempestuous, decentralization, exploitative, ecologically, admittance

**Q.7) Prepare words by using following prefixes:**

Un, in, de, dis, ex, il, im, in, mis, non, pre, pro, re, ir, mal, a, anti, uni, mono, bi, tri, multi, poly, co, post, fore, sub, mini, super, hyper, ultra, inter, auto, neo, semi, vice

**Q.8) Prepare words by using following suffixes :**

al, ance, ry, ism, ment, ness, sion, ion, ity, hood, ship, dom, er, ize/ise, en, ify, ate, able, ant, ar, ary, ate, ful, ible, ic, ive, ish, less, ous, some, y, en, ing, ly, ward, wise, est,

**Q.9) Choose the word similar in meaning to the underlined word in the following sentences:**

1. The young man went on the study tour with his companions.

a) accomplices b) comrades c) friends d) relatives

2. She has an air of detachment

a) coolness b) impartiality c) aloofness d) injustice

3. Mahatma Gandhi professed non-violence as the greatest virtue in life.

a) taught b) practised c) offered d) preached

4. The tendency of the Indian civilization is to elevate the moral being.

a) spread b) lift high c) teach d) learn

5. The man proved to be a notorious gambler since he was often seen with loads of money.

a) bad b) miserly c) famous d) badly reputed

6. The company is going bankrupt because it has never given a thought to changing market conditions.

a) debt-ridden b) corrupt c) deceitful d) closed

7. Mr. Ramesh paid regular visits to the dentist.

a) normal b) random c) customary d) usual

8. A junior officer is answerable to his senior officer.

a) responsive b) responsible c) accountable d) obedient

9. He definitely knew that the man in an overcoat shot dead his father because he had held a pistol in hand.

a) tentatively b) rightly c) certainly d) infinitely

10. The contract between the two parties was for five years.

- a) agreement    b) collaboration    c) liaison    d) term

**Q.10) Select the appropriate words from those given in brackets which can be used with the words given:**

- 1-----welcome (hot, lukewarm, smouldering, warm)
- 2-----ambition (tall, big, high, huge)
- 3-----one's duty (do, make, activate, implement)
- 4-----knowledge (ordinary, general, simple, obvious)
- 5-----an offence (perform, make, do, commit)

**Q.11) Choose the appropriate antonyms of the underlined words in the following sentences**

:

1. The task was so complicated that he could not accomplish it in time.  
a) ordinary    b) difficult    c) silly    d) simple
2. She is very systematic in keeping her things in the cupboard.  
a) careful    b) disorganized    c) meticulous    d) methodical
3. They kept the students inactive for a long time.  
a) working    b) tranquil    c) interested    d) busy
4. Some industries make profits in times of war.  
a) emergency    b) co-operation    c) aggression    d) peace
5. People are often careless about the use of their time.  
a) diligent    b) expert    c) aware    d) ready

**Q.12) Fill in the gaps in the following table by supplying appropriate forms of the words:**

Nouns	Verbs	Adjectives	Adverb
-	-	special	-
-	surprise	-	-
product	-	-	-
-	expand	-	gainfully
smile	-	-	-
-	-	-	silently
-	desire	-	-
-	-	expressive	-
meaning	-	-	-
Symbol			
	Satisfy		
Oppress			
		Sweltering	

discrimination			
-	-	favourite	-
	fascinate	-	-
beauty			
			impressively
	introduce		
		various	
mystery			
thought			
	confuse		
			completely
wisdom			

**Q.13) Use the words given in the brackets in the appropriate forms.**

1. He is a -----boy who doesn't stop talking even while driving.(talk)
2. She -----to be an astronaut.(desire)
3. His speech and manners are-----.(saint)
4. Now a days students are busy -----online.(chat)
- 5.The -----batsman hit a century in his first international match.(open)
6. Sunil and Sunita are -----married (happy)
- 7.The emperor was wise and -----(friendly)
- 8.The student is -----to his teacher(answerable)
9. The scientist was -----about the results of the experiment.(optimism)
- 10.The commander -----the response of his subordinates.(appreciation)

**Q.14) Match the words from Group A with their meaning in the Group B:**

**A**

**B**



- |  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
| 1. Hamlet<br>unscrupulous  | a) dishonest or        |
| 2. Snow-capped<br>smaller than a village                             | b) community of people |
| 3. Crooked<br>believes that his race is superior<br>to others racist | c) a person who        |
| 4. Wallow<br>indulgently   | d) to live self-       |
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